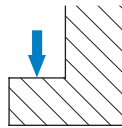


## Application area

- For all types of presses
- For various die sizes and clamping dimensions
- For clamping upper and lower dies
- For dies with straight clamping edges
- For applications in the construction of jigs and fixtures

## Mode of operation



- The mechanical T-slot clamp is pushed manually into the machine T-slot. This allows the bracket to be swung into the clamping position.
- The clamping screw is then fed manually to the required clamping dimension.
- The required clamping force is created by turning the operating hexagon clockwise with a wrench. A wedge clamp system provides a multiple torque increase.
- Unclamping occurs by turning the operating hexagon counter-clockwise.

## Description

A wedge clamp system provides a multiple torque increase.

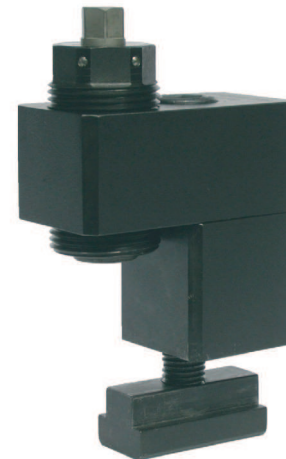
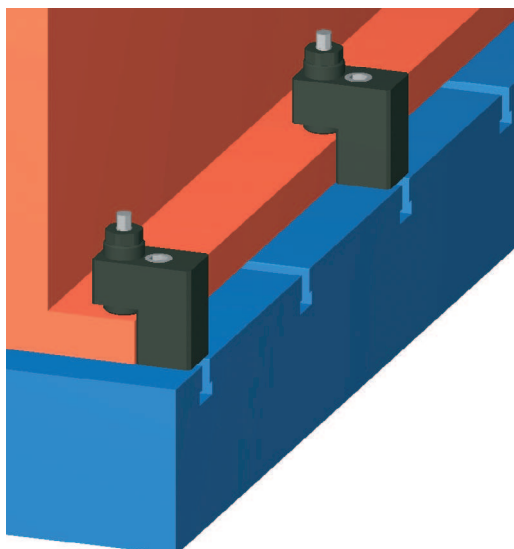
After pushing the bracket into the T-slot and possibly swinging it, the MEE T-slot clamp can be quickly and precisely positioned by the socket head cap screw (SW3, please see back page).

After adjusting the clamping screw (SW2) to the relevant clamping dimension, a wedge slide is moved axially in the clamping direction by turning the the operating hexagon (SW1) clockwise.

This presses the wedge outwards, which in turn pushes against the wedge bearing, thereby transmitting the clamping force into the press table, slide or fixture.

The clamping mechanism enables a high clamping stroke. The clamping stroke can be checked via the operating hexagon's turns.

The wedge system is mechanically self-locking so that the clamping force is maintained.



## Advantages

- Infinitely variable adaptation to various die sizes
- Large clamping dimension tolerance
- Corrosion protected
- Highest level of clamping force with manual operation
- Mechanically self-locking
- Suitable for retrofitting
- Maintenance free
- Easy installation
- Versatile

## Accessories

- T-bolts

## Note

We recommend the use of a torque wrench in order to reliably guarantee the required clamping force and to protect the drive and clamping mechanism from damage by excessively high torque.

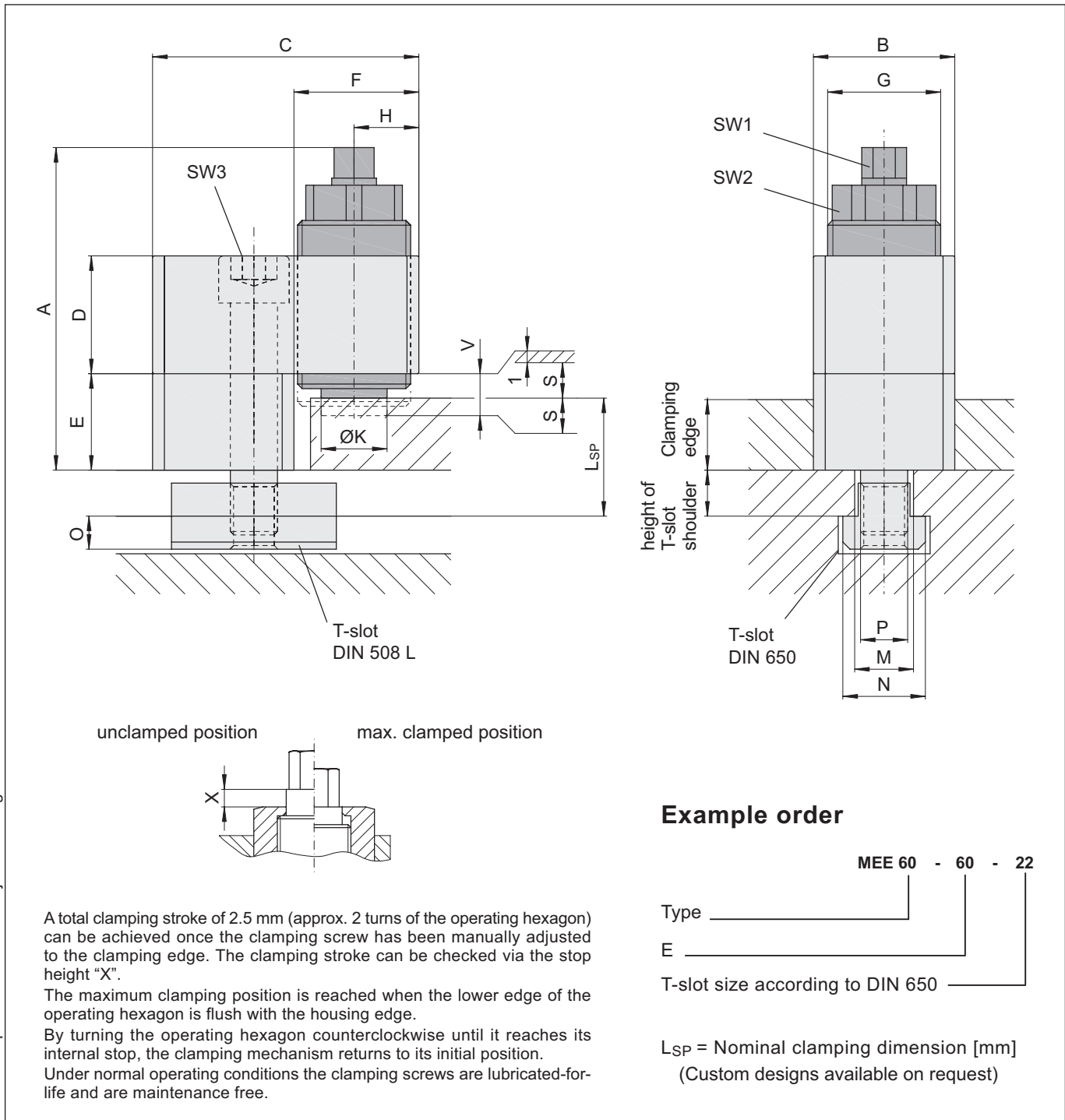
Under certain conditions, the use of a standard socket wrench or ring spanner may be acceptable for clamping.

The clamping screws are lubricated-for-life and are maintenance free under normal operating conditions.

## Technical data

Type	MEE 30	MEE 60	MEE 100
Clamping force [kN]	30	60	100
Max torque "SW1" [Nm]	35	80	130
Max. stroke	1.5	2.2	2.5
Max. loading force [kN]	60	120	200
Max. adjusting stroke "V"	22	25	35
Weight [kg] aprox.	3	5	8
T-slot "M" DIN 650*	18 22	22 28	28 36

\* Additional T-slot dimensions available on request.



Technical specifications are subject to change without notice!

A total clamping stroke of 2.5 mm (approx. 2 turns of the operating hexagon) can be achieved once the clamping screw has been manually adjusted to the clamping edge. The clamping stroke can be checked via the stop height "X".

The maximum clamping position is reached when the lower edge of the operating hexagon is flush with the housing edge.

By turning the operating hexagon counterclockwise until it reaches its internal stop, the clamping mechanism returns to its initial position.

Under normal operating conditions the clamping screws are lubricated-for-life and are maintenance free.

Type	M T-slot	V	S	Clamping edge		A		B	C	D	E*	F	G Thread	H	K	N	O	P	SW 1	SW 2	SW 3		
				min.	max.	min.	max.																
MEE 30	18	22	10.5	8	29	100	120	50	90	40	30	40	M36 x 3	21	19	28	10	M16	13	30	14		
	22			28	49	120	142															50	70
				48	69	140	162																
MEE 60	22	25	12	15	39	125	150	60	113	50	40	53	M48 x 3	28	28	35	14	M20	17	41	17		
	28			35	59	145	170															60	80
				55	79	165	190																
MEE 100	28	35	17	15	49	145	180	80	150	60	50	70	M64 x 4	37	39	44	18	M24	19	55	19		
	36			45	79	175	210															60	80

\* Preferred range for clamping height "E"; custom clamping heights on request available of request.